



## Mathematical Language Progression

			Place Value			
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Number	All Blocks	Numerals	Exchange	Ones	Round to the	Less than <
Match	Least	More	Tens	Tens	nearest	Greater than >
Most	Digit	Less	Ones	Hundreds	Partition	Zero (0)
Least	Count on	Count	Partition	Partition	Place Value	Paritition
Fewer	Fewer	Fewer	Place Value	>is greater than	Thousands	Round
One less	Number	Digit	Greater than >	= is equal to		Digit
One more	One less	Number	Less than <	<is less="" td="" than<=""><td><mark>Tens thousands</mark></td><td>Ten thousands</td></is>	<mark>Tens thousands</mark>	Ten thousands
Count on	Value	Least	Equal to =		Hundred thousand	(10,000s)
Count back	Count back	>is greater than		<mark>Thousands</mark>	<mark>Understand the</mark>	Hundred thousands
	Compare	= is equal to	<mark>Hundreds</mark>	<mark>Compare</mark>	<mark>difference between</mark>	(100,000s)
	Order	<is less="" td="" than<=""><td></td><td></td><td><mark>a digit and a</mark></td><td>Negative</td></is>			<mark>a digit and a</mark>	Negative
	Match			<mark>Multiple of</mark>	<mark>number.</mark>	
	One more	Tens <mark>Tens</mark>		<mark>10/100/1000</mark>		<mark>Millions</mark>
	Most	<mark>Ones</mark>				<mark>(1,000,000s)</mark>
	Greater than >	<mark>Place Value Chart</mark>				Ten million
	Less than <	Partition				<mark>(10,000,000)</mark>
	Equal to =					
	<u>Within 10</u>					
	<mark>Value</mark>					
	<mark>Digit</mark>					
	<mark>Compare</mark>					
	<mark>Order</mark>					
	Greater than >					
	<mark>Less than &lt;</mark>					
	Equal to =					







			Addition and Subtract	ion		
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
How many?	Within 10	Number bonds	Add	Add	Difference	Sum
Total	How many?	Ones	Subtract	Total	Place value column	
Part	Total	Tens	Ones	Sum	Tens (10s)	Difference
Take away	Part	More	Tens	Subtract	Ten thousands	
Partition	Take away	Column	Hundreds	Difference	(10,000s)	<mark>Estimate</mark>
Number sentence	Partition	Number sentence	Partition	Exchange	How many more?	
Count all	Number sentence		Less than<		Sum	
First, then, now	Count all	Add	Greater than >	Estimate	Estimate	Priority
Whole	First, then, now	Total	Equal to =	Previous multiple	Exchange	Order of operations
	Whole	More	Fewer	of		
	<mark>Plus</mark>	<mark>Altogether</mark>	Altogether	Next multiple of		
	<mark>Add +</mark>	<mark>Sum</mark>		Inverse		
	<mark>Add more</mark>	How many more?	<mark>Column method</mark>			
	<mark>Subtract –</mark>		<mark>Exchange</mark>			
	<mark>Count on</mark>	Subtract	<mark>Inverse</mark>			
	<mark>Count back</mark>	How many less?				
	Within 20	<mark>Take away</mark>				
	How many are not?	<mark>Minus</mark>				
	Count back	Reduce				
	Number bond	<mark>Difference</mark>				
	Add +					
	Whole					
	Part					
	Subtract –					
	First, then, now					
	Count on					
	Total					
	How many more?					
	<mark>Difference</mark>					
	Partition					





		N	Iultiplication and Divis	ion		
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Equal	Equal	Equal groups	<u>A</u>	Multiply	<u>A</u>	Multiply
Count	Count	Column	Times	Multiple	Even	Product
Group	Group	Multiplication	Multiply	Times	Odd	Array
Share	Share	Lots of	Array	Product	Divide	Times Table
Double	Double	Rows	Lots of	Times table	Multiply	<mark>Factor</mark>
Equally	Equally	Equal parts	Times-tables	Array	Place value column	<mark>Common Multiple</mark>
Unequal	Unequal	Total	Divide	Lots of		<mark>Prime</mark>
	<mark>Array</mark>	Times-table	Groups of	Divide	Prime	
	<mark>Column</mark>	Unequal groups	Grouping	Sharing	Composite	Divide
	<mark>Row</mark>	Array	Sharing	Grouping	Common factor	Grouping
		<mark>Times x</mark>	<mark>Product</mark>	Groups of	Common multiple	Remainder
		<mark>times as</mark>	<mark>Multiple</mark>		Square (number)	Sharing
		<mark>Divide ÷</mark>		Commutative	Cube (number)	<mark>Divisible</mark>
		<mark>Division</mark>	<u>B</u>		Tens times greater	
			Times	Multiplication and	One thousand	<mark>Estimate</mark>
			Times-table	Division B	times smaller	<mark>Priority</mark>
			Multiply	Divide		Order of operations
			Lots of	Times-table	<u>B</u>	
			Array	Sharing	Groups of	
			Grouping	Lots of	Multiply	
			Sharing	Array	Digit	
			Divide	Multiply	Partition	
			Groups of	Groups of	Exchange	
			Remainder	Times	Share equally	
				Total	Remainder	
				Grouping	Divide	
					Product	





			Shape			
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
2-D shape	2-D shape	2-D	Clockwise	Clockwise	Angle	Angle
3-D shape	3-D shape	3-D	Anti-clockwise	Anti-clockwise	Faces	Acute
Circle	Circle	Face	Quarter turn	Quarter turn	Regular	Obtuse
Triangle	Triangle	Sides	Half turn	Half turn	Quarter turn	Right
Square	Square	Surface	Three-quarter turn	Three-quarter turn	Polygon	Reflex
Rectangle	Rectangle	Curved surface	Full turn	Full turn	Acute	Protractor
Sphere	Sphere	Circle	Face	Right angle	Right angle	Faces
Cone	Cone	Square	Edge	Acute	Irregular	Irregular
Cylinder	Cylinder	Sphere	Vertex	Obtuse	Cuboid	Polygon
Cube	Cube	Pyramid	Curved surface	Polygon	Obtuse	Cube
Cuboid	Cuboid		Angle	Isosceles	Cube	Regular
Pyramid	Pyramid	Polygon	Acute	Scalene	Vertices	Cuboid
		Vertex	Right angle	Equilateral	Reflex	Quadrilateral
	<mark>Face</mark>	Vertices (2D and	Obtuse	Quadrilateral	Protractor	Isosceles triangle
	Pattern	3D)	Horizontal	Regular		Net
	Repeat	Edge	<mark>Vertical</mark>	Irregular		Vertically opposite
	<mark>Curved</mark>		<mark>Parallel</mark>			angles
	<mark>Flat</mark>	Quadrilateral	Perpendicular			
		Prism				





		Ar	ea, Perimeter and Volu	ume		
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Length and Height	Length and Height	Length and Height	Length and	<u>Area</u>	Perimeter and	Area
Compare	Compare	Taller	Perimeter	Count	Area	Square
Length	Length	Length	Centimetres (cm)	Length	Rectilinear	Volume
Longest	Longest	Equal to	Metres (m)	Side	Perimeter	Triangle
Tall	Tall	Shorter	Height	Array	Area	Parallelogram
Shortest	Shortest	Measurement	Length	Columns	Millimetres (mm)	Cuboid
Height	Height	Longer	Compare	Row	Polygon	Formula
Equal	Equal	Height	Ruler	Larger	<mark>Formula</mark>	Perimeter
Tallest	Tallest	Distance	Greater than >	Length	<mark>Compound</mark>	
	<mark>Measure</mark>	<mark>Centimetre (cm)</mark>	Less than <	Smaller	Square centimetres	Perpendicular
Mass and Volume	<mark>Centimetre (cm)</mark>	<mark>Metre (m)</mark>	Equal to =	<mark>Area</mark>	(cm²)	Square Units
Heavier	<mark>Unit</mark>		Measure	<mark>Rectilinear</mark>	Square metres (m <sup>2</sup> )	Square metres (m <sup>2</sup> )
Weigh	<mark>Ruler</mark>	Mass, Capacity and	<mark>Equivalent</mark>		Square millimetres	Cubic Units
Lightest		<u>Temperature</u>	<mark>Convert</mark>	Length and	(mm²)	Cubic centimetres
Heaviest	Mass and Volume	Mass	<mark>Millimetres (mm)</mark>	<u>Perimeter</u>		(cm³)
Lighter	Heavier	Equal to	<mark>Perimeter</mark>	Length	<u>Volume</u>	
Half full	Weigh	Lighter than		Less than <	Volume - The	
	Lightest	Heavier than	Mass and Capacity	Greater than >	amount of solid	
Mass (can be used	Heaviest	Weigh	Mass	Distance	space an object	
interchangeably	Lighter	Balanced	Compare	Millimetres (mm)	occupies	
with weight at this	Half full	<mark>Volume – amount</mark>	Mass	Centimetres (cm)	Capacity – the	
stage)		<mark>of space taken up</mark>	Kilograms (kg)	Metres (m)	amount a container	
	Mass (can be used	<mark>by an object</mark>	Grams (g)	Height	can hold	
	interchangeably	<mark>Capacity – the</mark>	Measurement	Equivalent	Equal to =	
	with weight at this	<mark>amount of a liquid</mark>	Weigh	Measure	3-D shape	
	stage)	<mark>or pourable</mark>	Estimate	Equal to =	Less than <	
	<mark>Volume – amount</mark>	<mark>material that a</mark>	Millilitres (ml)	Perimeter	Greater than >	
	<mark>of space taken up</mark>	<mark>container can hold</mark>	Litres (I)	Ruler	<mark>Cubic centimetre</mark>	
	<mark>by an object</mark>	<mark>Grams (g)</mark>	<mark>Capacity – the</mark>	Compare	<mark>cm²</mark>	
	<mark>Capacity – the</mark>	<mark>Kilograms (kg)</mark>	<mark>maximum amount</mark>	<mark>Kilometres (km)</mark>	<mark>Cubic metre</mark>	
	amount of a liquid	<mark>Litres (l)</mark>			<mark>m³</mark>	



•					¢
	<mark>or pourable</mark>	Millilitres (ml)	<mark>of space within a</mark>	<mark>Rectilinear - A 2-D</mark>	
	<mark>material that a</mark>	Degrees Centigrade	container	shape that has	
	<mark>container can hold</mark>	<mark>∘C</mark>	<mark>Volume – the</mark>	<mark>straight sides and</mark>	
	Balanced		<mark>actual amount of</mark>	right angles	
			space being taken	<mark>Regular – the sides</mark>	
			<mark>up within a</mark>	<mark>are all the same</mark>	
			<mark>container.</mark>	length and angles	
			*children will only	<mark>are the same size.</mark>	
			<mark>consider the</mark>	<mark>Irregular – a shape</mark>	
			volume of liquids.	with sides of	
				<mark>different lengths or</mark>	
				angles of different	
				<mark>sizes (e.g. a</mark>	
				rectangle).	

	Ratio								
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
						Ratio Simplest form Scale factor Similar Enlarge			





	Converting Units						
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
					Divide by 1,000	Mass	
					Multiply by 1,000	Capacity	
					1/10 of an litre	Metric	
					0.4 of an hour	Gram	
					Kilo- means	Millimetre	
					thousand	Units	
					Kilogram	Convert	
					kilo	Kilometre	
					<mark>Milli – means</mark>	Metre	
					thousandth	Imperial	
					Millimetre	Pounds (lbs)	
					Millilitre	Stone	
					Imperial unit	Feet	
					Inch	Gallon	
					Length	Inch	
					Pound (lb)	Pint	
					Mass		
					<mark>Pint</mark>	<mark>Approximate</mark>	
					Capacity	conversions	
						Approximately	
						<mark>equal to ≈</mark>	





			Money			
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Money	Greater than >	Pence (p)	More	Estimate		
Pound £	Less than <	Pounds (£)	Pounds (£)	Approximate		
Pence p	Money	Difference	Convert	Round		
Coin	Worth	Amount	Amount	Pounds £		
Note	Pound £	Buy	Total	Pence p		
	Pence p	Coins	Less	Convert		
	Value	Left	Pence (p)	Decimal point *new		
	Worth	Money	Change	in the context of		
	Amount	Value	Cost	money		
	Coins	Notes	Change	<b>.</b>		
		How much?	Coin			
		Change	Note			
			Value			
			Exchange			
			Difference			

	Algebra								
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
						<mark>Formula</mark>			
						<mark>Substitute</mark>			
						Expression			
						Equation			
						Input			
						Output			
						Solve			
						Solution			





		Fract	ions, Decimals and Per	centages		
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Share	Share	<b>Fractions</b>	Fractions A	<b>Fractions</b>	Fractions A	Fractions A
Equal	Equal	Equal to	Unit fraction	Unit fraction	Greater than >	Whole
Unequal	Unequal	Whole	Less than <	Denominator	Factor	Part
	<mark>Whole</mark>	Grouping	Greater than >	Whole	Denominator	Numerator
	<mark>Part</mark>	Dividing by	Equal to =	Equal parts	Numerator	Denominator
	Half	Quarter	Half	Numerator	Repeated addition	Less than <
	<mark>Quarter</mark>	Half	Quarter	Non-unit fraction	Multiply	Greater than >
		Parts	Third	Equivalent	<mark>Improper</mark>	Improper fraction
		Sharing	Whole	<mark>Mixed number</mark>	<mark>Mixed</mark>	Proper fraction
		<mark>½</mark>	Denominator	Improper fraction		Mixed number
		<mark>¼</mark>	Numerator		Fractions B	
		Thirds 1/3	<mark>Fifth</mark>	Decimals A	Non-unit fraction	<mark>Highest common</mark>
		Unit fraction	<mark>Sixth</mark>	Ones	Numerator	<mark>factor</mark>
		Non-unit fraction	<mark>Sevenths</mark>	Tenths	Part	<mark>Lowest common</mark>
		<mark>Denominator</mark>	<mark>Eighth</mark>	Fraction	Unit fraction	<mark>multiple</mark>
		Numerator	<mark>Equivalent</mark>	Equivalent	Multiply	<mark>Simplify</mark>
				<mark>Decimal</mark>	Denominator	
			Fractions B	<mark>Decimal point</mark>	Whole	Fractions B
			Numerator	<mark>Hundredths</mark>	Mixed number	Multiply
			Denominator		<mark>Integer</mark>	Divide
			Whole	Decimals B	Commutative	Share
			Unit fraction	Decimal		Lots of
			Non-unit fraction	Tenths	Decimals and	Denominator
			Equal parts	Whole	Percentages	Numerator
			Partition	Fraction	Tenths	Mixed number
			Sum	Hundredths	Decimal place	Improper fraction
			Altogether	Equivalent	Fraction	
			Subtract	Decimal point	Part	Integer
			Difference	Greater than >	Hundredths	Whole numbers
			Total	Equal to =	Digits	Fractions
				Less than <	Place value	<b>Decimals</b>





		Round	Thousandths	Integer
		Partition	Percentage	Thousandth
			Percent	Hundreth
			<mark>%</mark>	Tens
				Tenth
			<b>Decimals</b>	Ones
			Sum	Decimal point
			Tenths	
			Thousandths	
			Altogether	FDP
			Decimal place	Tenth
			Decimal point	Hundredth
			Subtract	Fraction
			Add	Decimal
			Hundredths	Percentage
			Difference	Divide
			Ten times greater	Division
			One thousand	Convert
			times smaller	Equivalent
				Recurring





Statistics							
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
		Horizontal	Column	Pictogram	Timetable	Scale	
		Vertical	Table	Horizontal axis	Scale	Line graph	
		Tally	Symbol	Symbol	am	<mark>Dual bar chart</mark>	
		Tally chart	Tally chart	Vertical axis	pm	Percentage	
		Pictogram	Кеу	Tally chart	Minute	Axis/axes	
		<mark>Block diagram</mark>	Row	Bar chart	Hour	<mark>Key</mark>	
		<mark>Key</mark>	Pictogram	Row	Line graph	<mark>Pie Chart</mark>	
		Table	<mark>Bar chart</mark>	Table	Data	<mark>Mean</mark>	
			<mark>Horizonal axis</mark>	Scale	Axes		
			<mark>Vertical axis</mark>	Кеу	<mark>Two-way table</mark>		
			<mark>Scale</mark>	Sum			
				Difference			
				<mark>Line graph</mark>			
				<mark>Plot</mark>			
				<mark>Read</mark>			

Negative Numbers							
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
					Multiple		
					Number line		
					Greater than >		
					Less than <		
					Difference		
					Negative		
					*Do not use minus		





Position and Direction							
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
Directional	Directional	Positional language		Horizotal	Mirror line	y-axis	
language	language	Up		Vertical	Reflection	Left	
Full turn	Full turn	Over		Down	Points	Points	
Half turn	Half turn	Forwards		Up	Vertices	Coordinates	
Quarter turn	Quarter turn	Beneath		Vertex	Axis	x-axis	
Left	Three-quarter turn	Under		<mark>x-axis</mark>	x-axis	Translation	
Up	Left	Left		<mark>y-axis</mark>	y-axis	Mirror line	
Backwards	Up	Right		<mark>Coordinates</mark>	Translation	Right	
Forwards	Backwards	Beside		<mark>Translate</mark>	Origin	Reflection	
Right	Forwards	Backwards		<mark>Axes</mark>	Coordinates	Vertices	
Down	Right	Down			<mark>y-value</mark>	Quadrant	
<b>Positional</b>	Down	<b>Directional</b>			<mark>x-value</mark>	<mark>First Quadrant</mark>	
language	Positional language	language			<mark>object</mark>	<mark>Second Quadrant</mark>	
Left	Left	Forwards			<mark>image</mark>	Third Quadrant	
Right	Right	Backwards				<mark>Fourth Quadrant</mark>	
Up	Up	Up					
Down	Down	Down					
Forwards	Forwards	Left					
Backwards	Backwards	Right					
Above	Above	<mark>Full turn</mark>					
Below	Below	<mark>Half turn</mark>					
Under	Under	<mark>Quarter turn</mark>					
Over	Over	Three-quarter turn					
Between	Between	<mark>Clockwise</mark>					
First	First	Anticlockwise					
Second	Second						
Third	Third						
Fourth	Fourth						





Time						
FS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Days of the week	O'clock	Half past	Morning	Months		
Months of the	Half past	Minute	Night	Weeks		
year	Days of the week	O'clock	Evening	Minutes		
Morning	Months of the year	Hour	Afternoon	pm		
Before	Morning	Day	Midday	am		
Quicker	Before	Analogue	Noon	Seconds		
Evening	Quicker	<mark>Quarter past</mark>	Midnight	Days		
Next	Evening	<mark>Quarter to</mark>	Minutes past	Hours		
Today	Next	<mark>Intervals</mark>	Minutes to	Years		
Slower	Today		Relationship	Convert		
Yesterday	Slower		<mark>between units of</mark>	Analogue		
Now	Yesterday		time changing/	12-hour digital		
Then	Now		never changing	clock		
Later	Then		Minutes	24-hour digital		
After	Later		Months	clock		
First	After		Weeks			
Tomorrow	First		Hours			
Earlier	Tomorrow		Days			
Afternoon	Earlier		Years			
	Afternoon		<mark>Seconds</mark>			
			Duration			
			<mark>Leap year</mark>			
			<mark>Roman numerals</mark>			
			<mark>I V X</mark>			
			<mark>12-hour digital</mark>			
			<mark>clock</mark>			
			am			
			<mark>pm</mark>			